



Concepts of English Grammar

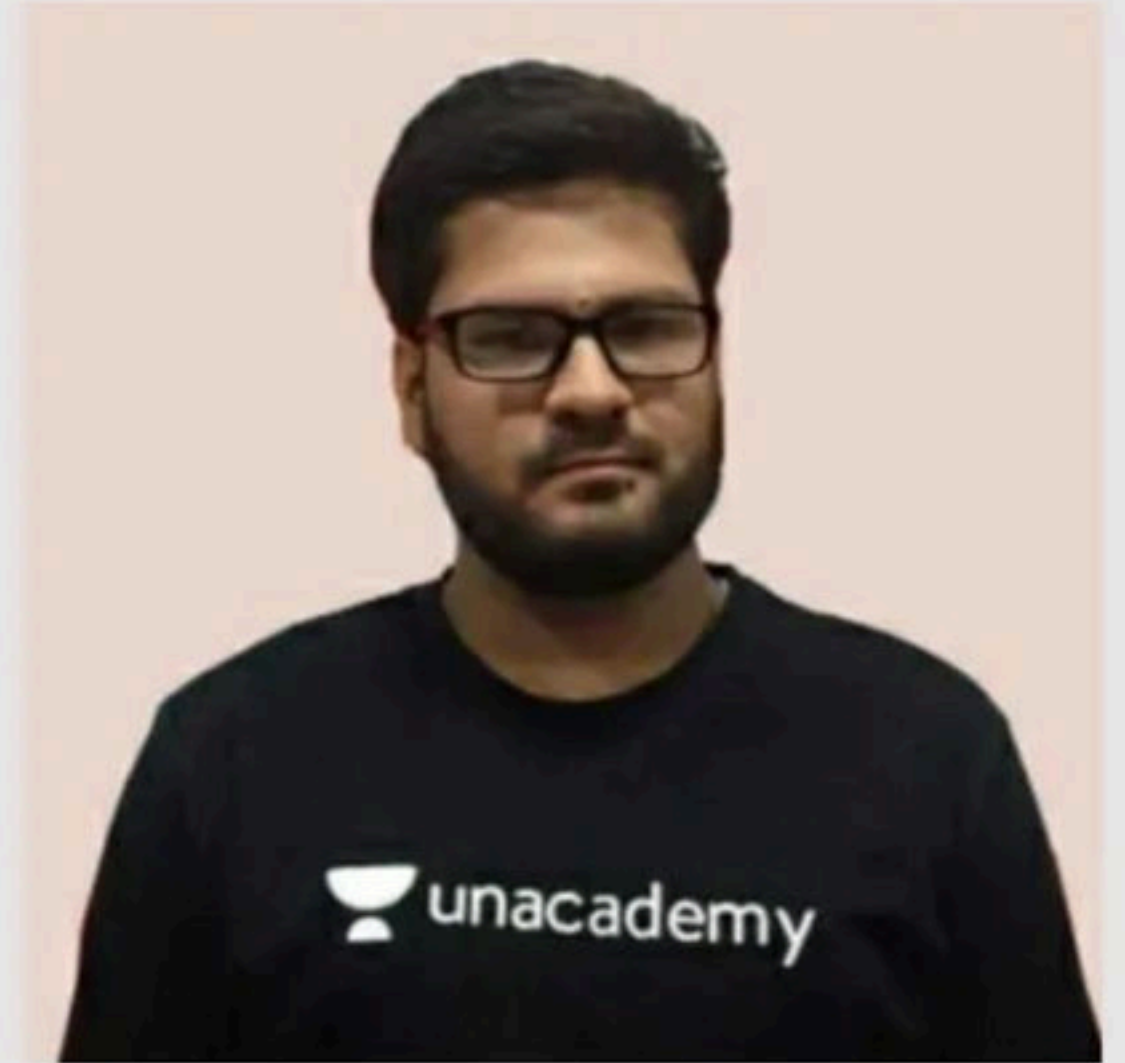
Special class

 LET'S CRACK DEFENCE EXAMS

Hello!

I am Vikas Raj Pathak

English Educator



Basics of English grammar

They rewarded the man whom saved the drowning child.

Police caught the boy who you were chasing.

1. Vikas teaches English.

Subject : doer, central idea of sentence
(Active -Doer)
(Passive –Receiver)

2.English is taught by Vikas.

3. Vikas is a teacher.

(Be + v3)
Be–is / am / are /be
-was /were
-been

B Basics

Doco

Central
idea

Subject ?

verb

Sub + v + obj.

sub verb

✓ Does
✓ Control ✓

→ ✓ Vikas ✓
✓ teaches ✓ English.

→ English is taught by Vikas ✓
s (be + V₃)
obj.

→ Vikas
s is a teacher.

Active → ⇒

Passive → (be + v₃) ⇒ ⇒

Doer
Receiver

Passive → ??

Passive → (be + v₃) → Passive ✓

Be
→ is/am/are
→ was/were
→ been

Vikas is a teacher.

Vikas
S

is
✓

is
✓ ✓

→

teacher
N

S.C
✓

be

is/am/are

was/were

been

① — verb

② verb → Subject -

③ Active / Passive

④ subject

⑤ verb ^{what} whom obj.

prep. → P.O ✓ (N/P)

Jethalal loves Babita.

Aashiq likes Mehbooba

Champu bought a shirt.

Tau drives a Car.

I sing songs

Salman likes Katrina.

1. Vikas teaches English.
2. English is taught by Vikas.
3. Jiten drank the Pepsi.
4. Deepika loves Ranveer.
5. Rajni bought the perfume.
6. Karan prepared the tea.
7. Rohit broke the chair.

Car is driven by Chandu.

He is punished by the teacher.

He has been taught English by me.

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SOME IMPORTANT QUESTIONS



WHOA!



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1

DAILY VOCAB

9.00 AM

2

GRAMMAR

11.00 AM

3

GRAMMAR

5.00 PM

4

MOCKS & QUIZ

6.00 PM



OUR TIMETABLE



1

DAILY VOCAB

9.00 AM

2

GRAMMAR

11.00 AM

3

GRAMMAR

5.00 PM

4

Plus Timings

12.00 PM

INTRODUCTION

Experience of 5 years

Taught at various institutes

Teach English for various competitive

exams like NDA,CDS,SSC

CGL,CHSL,CPO,BANK PO Etc.



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9.00

5.00 ✓



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VOCAB



COMPREHENSION



GRAMMAR



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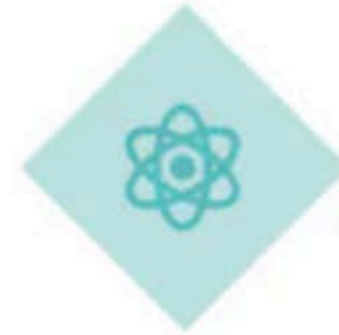


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Identification of tenses:-

	<u>Indefinite</u>	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect continuous
<u>Present</u>	<u>V₁</u> or <u>Do/does+V₁</u>	<u>Is/am/are+</u> <u>V₁+ing</u>	Has/have + V ₃	Has/have+been+V ₁ +in g
<u>Past</u>	<u>V₂</u> or <u>Did + V₁</u>	<u>Was/were +</u> <u>V₁ + ing</u>	Had + V ₃	Had + been + V ₁ + ing
<u>Future</u>	<u>Will/Shall + V₁</u>	<u>Will/shall + be +</u> <u>V₁ +ing</u>	Will/shall+have +V ₃	Will/shall+have+been +V ₁ +ing



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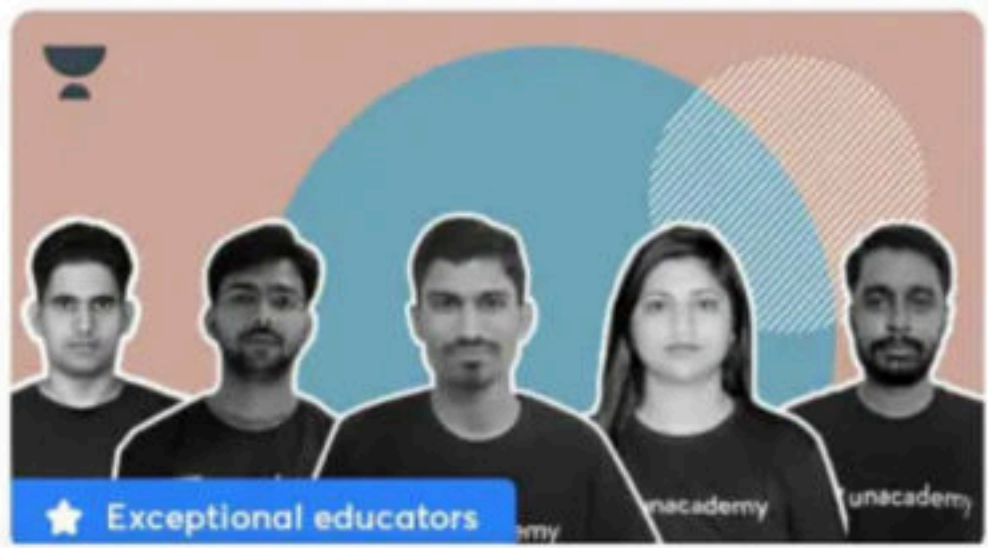
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BASICS (LECTURE -1)

➤ **NOUN**:- Noun is a naming word. ✓


Proper → Ryan, Vikas, Delhi,

Common → Student, City, monument, book

collective → gang, Jury, Bevy,

Immaterial →

Abstract → love, hate, bravery ✓



Bevy:- Group of girls. (Collective noun)

School :- Group of fishes. (Collective noun)

Clowder :- Group of cats. (Collective noun)

1.This ancient building/ is made of special/bricks and stones/ ne.

2.When I teased him/ he looked at me angrily/ and threw 2 bricks at me .

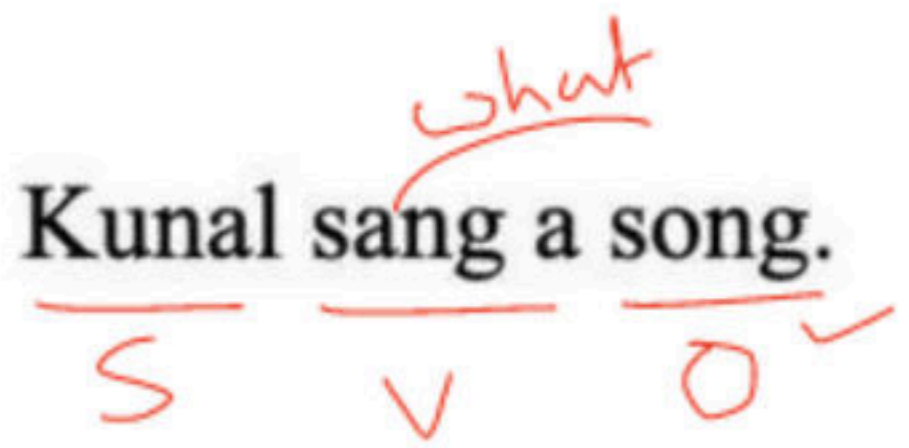
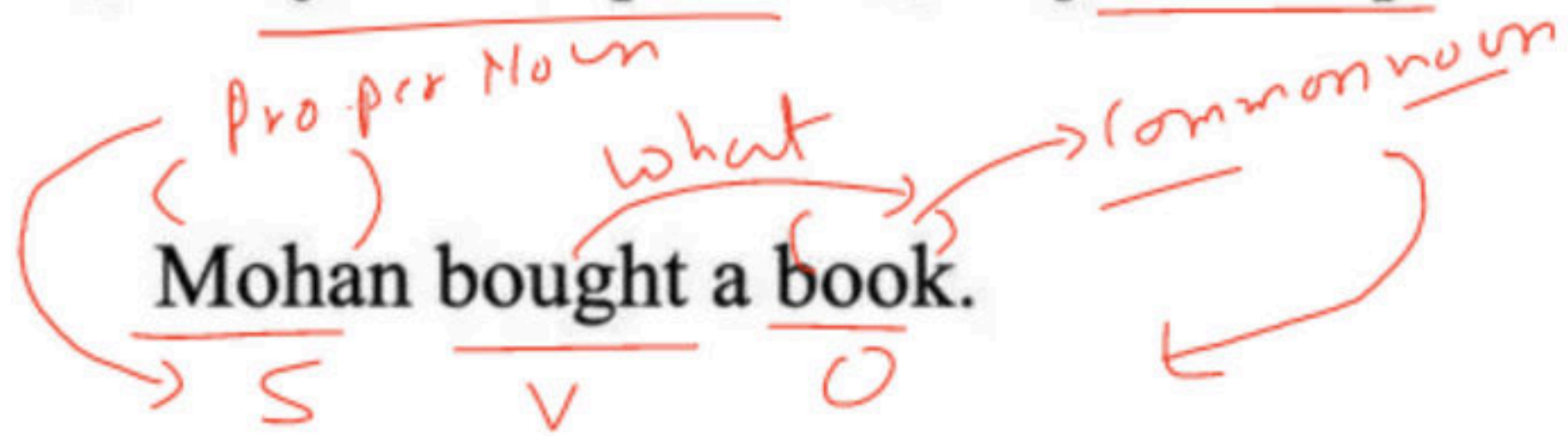
1. This house is made of bricks and stones.

Explanation:- इस sentence में 'bricks and stones' की जगह 'brick and stone' होगा क्योंकि यहाँ ये basic elements की तरह से use किये गये है so यहाँ ये 'material noun' consider किये जायेंगे...

2. Two bricks are lying on the road.

Explanation:- इस sentence में 'brick' common noun की तरह से use किया गया है so यहाँ bricks सही है...

Function of NOUN – It can be a Subject, Object, Prepositional object, Subject complement, Object complement, etc.



H.V *what*
Aman is singing a song.
S *m.V* *O*

Aman is a teacher.
S *V* *S.C.V*

- "BE" FORMS
- IS/AM/ARE/BE
- WAS/WERE
- BEEN

➤ **PREPOSITION** :- It relates a noun or pronoun with other words of a sentence. It is used to add additional information in sentence.

Ramphal bought a scooty.

Handwritten annotations: 'N' above 'Ramphal', 'V' below 'bought', 'O' below 'a', 'N' above 'scooty'. A bracket groups 'a scooty' with 'what' written above it. To the right, 'PIWSU' and 'CDSU' are written and underlined.

Ramphal bought a scooty for Phoolmati.

Handwritten annotations: 'S' below 'Ramphal', 'V' below 'bought', 'O' below 'a', 'Prep.' below 'for', 'P.O.' below 'Phoolmati'.

Ramphal bought a scooty for Phoolmati from Delhi on Sunday.

Handwritten annotations: 'P' below 'bought', 'P' below 'a', 'P' below 'for', 'P-O' below 'from', 'on' written above 'Sunday', and 'Sunday' underlined.

noun → Pronoun

➤ **PRONOUN**:- It stands for a noun. It can be a Subject, Object, Prepositional object, Subject complement, Object complement, etc in a sentence.

✓ Aman bought a bag for Aarti.
N N N
S V O P P-O

pro what pro pro
S V O P P-O

He bought it for her.

N/P → Sub/obj

Rajesh hit him.
 $\overset{N}{S}$ $\overset{P.O}{V}$ $\overset{O}{O}$

He hit Rajesh.
 $\overset{P.O}{S}$ $\overset{V}{V}$ $\overset{N}{O}$

Aarti completed the task with Aman.
 $\overset{N}{S}$ $\overset{V}{V}$ $\overset{N}{O}$ $\overset{P}{P}$ $\overset{N}{P.O}$

She completed the task with him.
 $\overset{P.O}{S}$ $\overset{V}{V}$ $\overset{O}{O}$ $\overset{P}{P}$ $\overset{P.O}{P.O}$

⇒ Ryan is a smart boy.

(a) Subject ~~(b)~~ object

(c) P.O ~~(d)~~ S.C

⇒ Vikas goes to Gym Daily
S V Prep. P.O. Adv.
(a) Sub (b) noun

~~P.O.~~

(d) obj.

- ✓ ① ✓
- ② ✓
- ③ ✓

ADJECTIVE :- It qualifies a noun or a pronoun.

अध्वनि

Adverb
Adjective

Mohan bought a big house.

Sub ✓
Obj ✓
P.O ✓
S.C ✓
O.C ✓

Radhika sent a costly card to Rajat.

Adj + VP

Rajesh sang a romantic song for Anjali.

Adj - N/P ✓
by ✓

S ✓ V ✓ adj ✓ = Obj ✓
N ✓

S ✓ V ✓ Adj ✓ O ✓ P ✓ P.O ✓
what who

S ✓ V ✓ adj ✓ obj ✓ P ✓ P.O ✓

Types of adjective :-

1. Qualitative adjective – Nice, Big, New, Circular, Red, Wooden, etc.

Quality

N/P

2. Quantitative adjective – Some, Many, Little, Few, Much, etc.

Quantity

N/P

3. Possessive adjective – My, Our, Your, His, Her, Its, Their, etc.

Possessive N/P

4. Demonstrative adjective – This, That, These, Those, etc.

demo N/P

5. Numeral adjective ✓

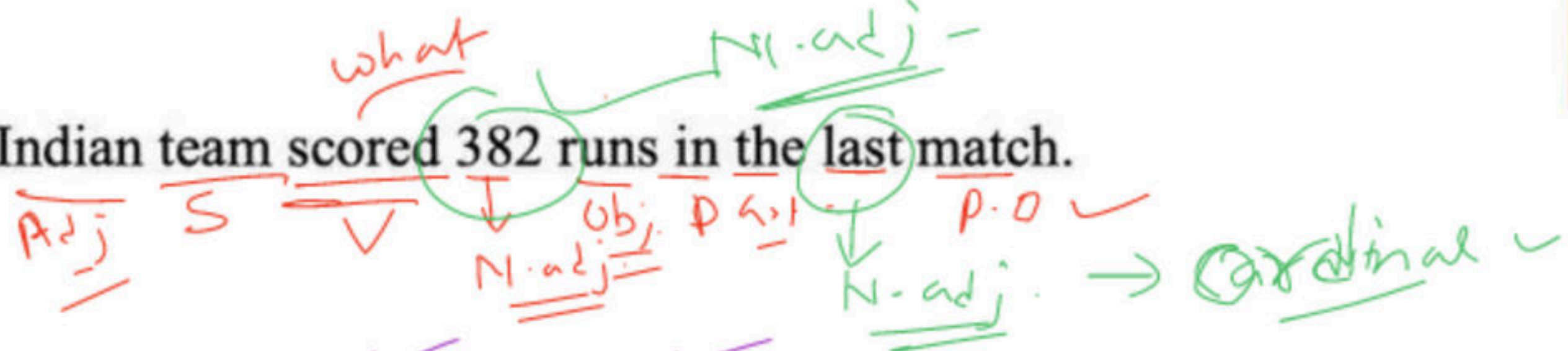
(1) Cardinals – One, Two, Three, 1, 2, 3 etc

✓ (2) Ordinals – First, Second, Third, etc.

6. Proper adjective – Italian, German, Gandhian etc. ✓



Indian team scored 382 runs in the last match.



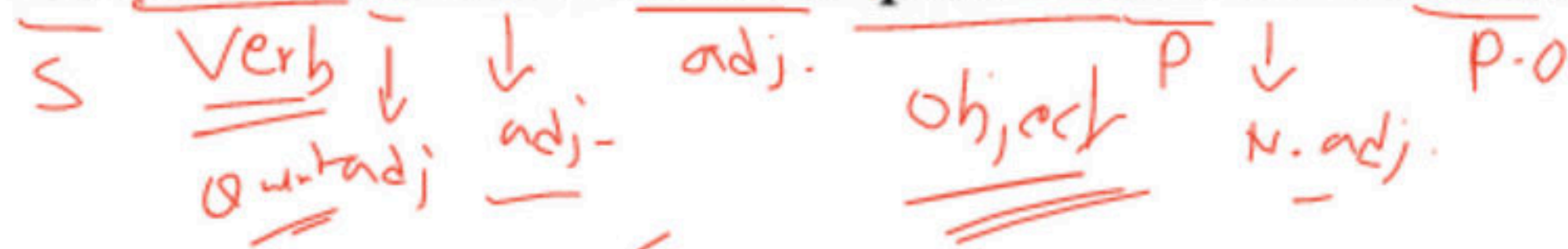
I have bought this bag for my brother.



She needs some food for her children.



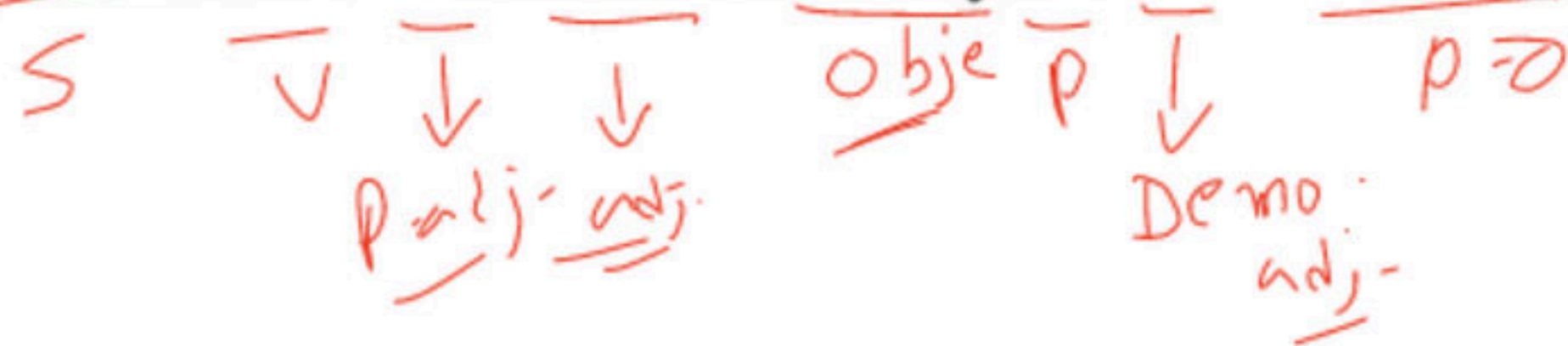
He solved all these difficult questions in 20 minutes.



We need a smart and intelligent employee.



Sachin scored his second century in that tournament.



Ordinal

Adjective v/s Pronoun:-

✓ ^{pro} This is my car.
S V adj. O

✓ I want this car.
S V O

demo. adj. ✓

TIIP ✓

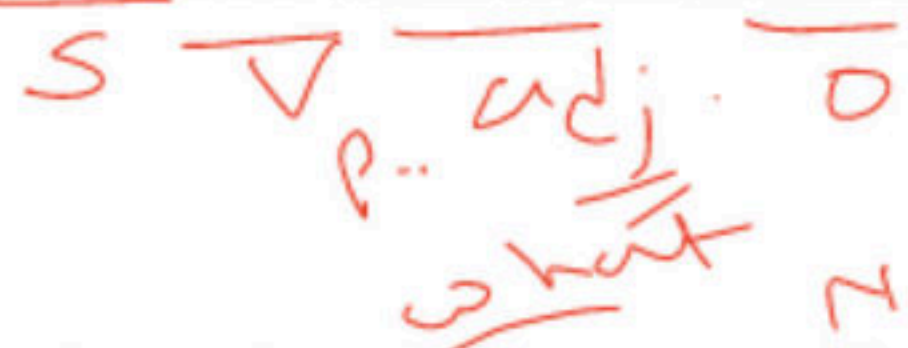
is ✓

✓



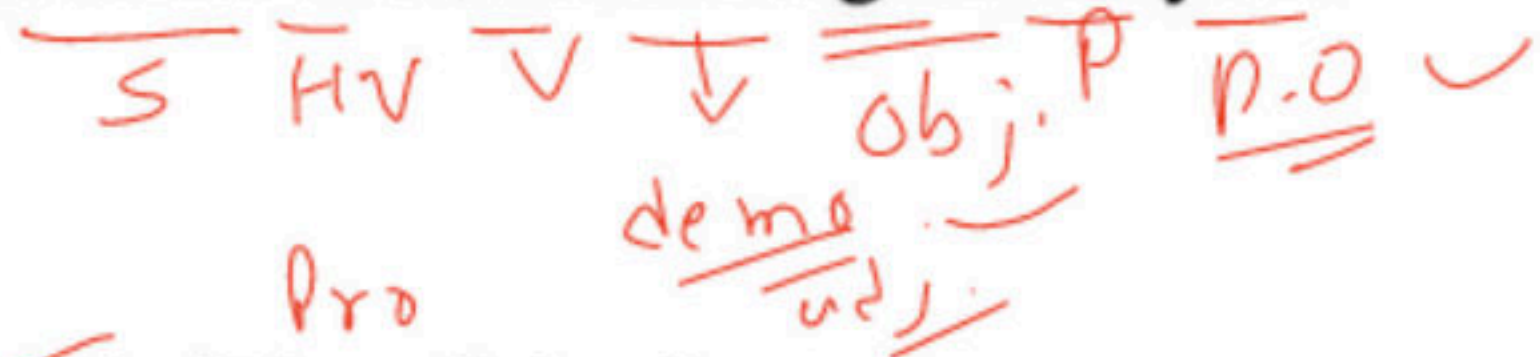
Pro ✓

These are Rohan's friends.



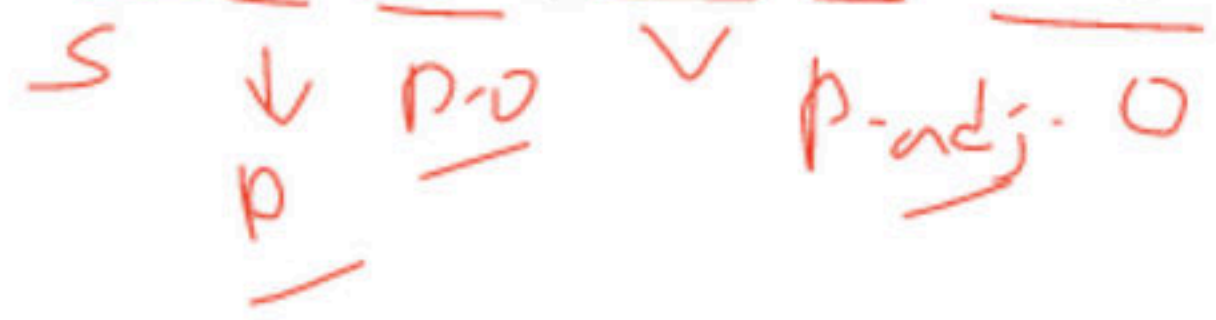
are ✓ verb

Mohan has sent these gifts for you.



gift → verb

✓ All of them joined our company. ✓



Quant ✓ All ✓ the boys ✓ have ✓ completed ✓ their tasks ✓.

adj. S H.V Verb P. adj. Obj.

When

Quant

Distributive ✓ Each ✓ boy ✓ has ✓ scored ✓ good ✓ marks ✓.

adj. S H.V Verb adj. Obj.

Sub ✓ Each ✓ of the boys ✓ has ✓ scored ✓ good ✓ marks ✓.

Sub P P. O H. V adj. Obj.

H.V

✓ ✓

Adjective as a subject complement:-

Shefali married a rich man.

S V adj. o

✓ Ajay is rich. ^{adj.}

S V S-C ✓
_{adj.}

✓ Aman is smart. ^{adj.}

S V S-C ✓
_{adj.}

✓ Rahul is tall. ^{adj.}

S V S-C ✓
_{adj.}

is ✓
H.V ✓

adj ✓
S-C ✓


BASIC LECTURE -3

➤ ***ADVERB*** :- It qualifies a verb, adjective or adverb.

A horse runs.

A horse runs fast.

A horse runs very fast.



The president rewarded the extraordinarily brave soldiers.


Mohan bought an extremely costly house near a beach.

Sachin played really well in the last match.

Types of adverb:-

Time (when) :- Yesterday, Soon, Late, Early, Recently etc.


Place (where) :- Here, There, Up, Down, Upstairs, Somewhere etc.



Manner (how):- Bravely, Nicely, Rudely, sweetly, Easily etc.

Frequency (often):- Daily, Always, Seldom, Never, Occasionally etc.

Degree (how much):- Very, So, Enough, Too, Much, Far etc.



Indian soldiers fought very bravely against the enemies.

Ajay solved the questions very easily without any help.

Mukesh talks very loudly and arrogantly.



Ajay often comes here with that girl.


Somebody stole his car yesterday.



Difference between adjective and adverb:-

The fast bowler from Pakistan bowled really fast.

They hit him extremely hard with a hard bat.



My grandfather reads a weekly magazine.

Mohan worked very hard on this project.

You must complete this work by Sunday.

Conjunction:- It joins two words, phrases or clauses.

Ram and Shyam are watching a movie.

Mukesh is singing and dancing.

If you come late, I will inform your parents.

The thief was running very fast but the policeman caught him.



Interjection:- It is used to express feelings or emotions.

Huraah ! We won the match.

Alas ! His father died yesterday.




Types of sentences:-

1. Assertive sentence:-

(a) **Affirmative sentence:-** Mohan plays cricket.

(b) **Negative sentence:-** Mohan does not play cricket.



2. Interrogative sentence:-

Are you studying English ?

Have you ever been to Jaipur ?

Who teaches you ?

3. Imperative sentence:-

Close the door.

Wait outside.

Please help me.

Work hard.

Let's Practice

SOME IMPORTANT QUESTIONS



WHOA!



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9.00 AM

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11.00 AM

✓

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3.00 PM

5.00 ✓

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MOCKS & QUIZ

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✓



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<u>Past</u>	<u>V₂</u> or <u>Did + V₁</u>	<u>Was/were +</u> <u>V₁ + ing</u>	Had + V ₃	Had + been + V ₁ + ing
<u>Future</u>	<u>Will/Shall + V₁</u>	<u>Will/shall + be +</u> <u>V₁ + ing</u>	Will/shall+have +V ₃	Will/shall+have+been +V ₁ +ing

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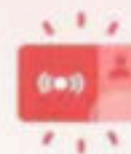
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SPOT THE ERRORS

1. She is one of the (1)/ best mothers (2)/ that has ever lived. (3)/ No error (4).

12.00 1.00

who have

Reading

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(3) have will replace has because –
when one of is used in a sentence, the Noun/Pronoun
following of is the Antecedent.

So, the Verb is used accordingly.

Here, mothers is the Antecedent and it is Plural.

So, the Verb will be in Plural.

The basic structure is as follows :

One of the + Plural Noun + that/who + Plural Verb

Hence, that have ever lived is the right usage

SPOT THE ERRORS

2. John, I and Hari (1)/ have finished (2)/ our studies.
(3)/ No error (4).

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) John, Hari and I will replace John, I and Hari.
The first person pronoun-I comes last in the
sequence

SPOT THE ERRORS

3. Neither the mouse (1)/ nor the lion (2)/ were caught.
(3)/ No error (4)

was

REF CODE- VIKAS1

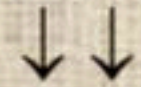


(3) was will replace were because –
neither ___ nor function as Conjunctions
(Correlative).

In such cases, the Verb agrees with whichever
Subject is closer to it.

Look at the examples given below :

Neither the supervisor nor the staff members were



Plural Noun Plural Verb

able to calm the distressed client.

Neither the manager nor the supervisor was



Singular Noun Singular Verb

able to calm the distressed client



SPOT THE ERRORS

5. When I was young, (1)/ I used to collect stamps (2)/ as a hobby. (3)/ No error (4)

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) No error.

SPOT THE ERRORS

The
6. Pacific Ocean is (1) / the deepest ocean (2)/ in the world. (3)/ No error (4)

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) The Pacific Ocean will replace Pacific Ocean because –
the (Def. Art.) is used before the names of Oceans,
mountain ranges, rivers, seas, etc. (Geographical
features)

SPOT THE ERRORS

7. You will come (1) / to my sister's wedding tomorrow,
(2) / isn't it? (3) / No error (4)

will not you
won't you

will not you
won't you?

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(3) won't you will replace isn't it because –
the Aux. Verb used in the Positive Statement is will.
Its tag will be will + not written as won't



SPOT THE ERRORS

8. I am (1) / your's (2) / affectionate son.(3) / No error (4)

your ✓

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) your will replace your's because –
your is a Possessive Adjective that modifies a noun/
noun phrase to indicate ownership.

There is no such word as your's. Yours is a
Possessive Pronoun.

Your boots



Possessive Adj.

I like your idea.



Possessive Pronoun

(You)

The larger boots are yours.



Possessive Pronoun

SPOT THE ERRORS

9. Beside Hindi, (1) / she knew (2) / Bengali well. (3) /
No error (4)

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) Besides will replace Beside because –

beside (Prep.) : next to ✓

besides (Prep.) : in addition to ✓

Look at the examples given below :

I sat down beside my wife.

There was only one person besides Shalu who knew Malu.

Hence, Besides Hindi is the right usage

SPOT THE ERRORS

10. He walks (1) / as if the earth (2)/ belonged to him.
(3)/ No error (4)

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) No error.

SYNONYMS

11. LOGICAL

- (1) responsive (2) rational
(3) educated (4) improper

REF CODE- VIKAS1



~~(2)~~ rational (Adjective) : based on reason rather than emotions;
reasonable

logical (Adjective) : seeming natural, reasonable or sensible

responsive (Adjective) : reacting quickly and in a positive way

educated (Adjective) : having had a high standard of education

improper (Adjective) : dishonest, or morally wrong; not
suited to the situation

SYNONYMS

12. DELUSION

- (1) illumination (2) illusion
(3) ascension (4) reality

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) illusion (Noun) : a false idea or belief about something/ somebody

delusion (Noun) : a false belief or opinion about yourself or your situation

illumination (Noun) : light or a place that light comes from

ascension (Noun) : the journey of Jesus from the earth into heaven; the act of moving up or of reaching a high position

reality (Noun) : the true situation and the problems that actually exist in life

SYNONYMS

13. MASTERY

- (1) mystery (2) weighty
(3) authority (4) weakness

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(3) authority (Noun) : the power to give orders to people; the power to influence people because they respect your knowledge
mastery (Noun) : great knowledge about or understanding of a particular thing; command; authority
mystery (Noun) : something that is difficult to understand or to explain
weighty (Adjective) : important and serious; heavy
weakness (Noun) : lack of strength, power or determination

SYNONYMS

14. TEMERITY

- (1) Verity (2) audacity
(3) simplicity (4) paucity

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) audacity (Noun) : brave but rude and shocking behaviour

temerity (Noun) : extremely confident behaviour that people are likely to consider rude; audacity

verity (Noun) : truth

simplicity (Noun) : an aspect of something that is easy, natural or plain

paucity (Noun) : a small amount of something

SYNONYMS

15. WILY

- (1) wise (2) stupid
(3) cunning (4) angry

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(3) cunning (Adjective) : crafty; wily

wily (Adjective) : cunning

wise (Adjective) : able to make sensible decisions and give good advice because of the experience and knowledge that you have

stupid (Adjective) : foolish; silly

angry (Adjective) : feeling and/ or showing anger

One words

16. A person who devotes his/her life for the welfare of others

- (1) Altruist (2) hermit
(3) volunteer (4) martyr

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) altruist

altruist (N.) : someone who makes charitable donations intended to increase human wellbeing

hermit (N.) : a person who, usually for religious reasons, lives a very simple life alone and does not meet or talk to other people

volunteer (N.) : a person who does a job without being paid for it; a person who offers to do something without being forced to do it

martyr (N.) : a person who suffers very much or is killed because of his religious/ political beliefs

One words

17. A person who shows off his Learning

- (1) Pedant (2) educationist
(3) exhibitor (4) researcher

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) pedant

pedant (N.) : a person who makes an excessive/in appropriate display of learning and is too concerned with small details or rules, especially while learning or teaching

educationist (N.) : a person (specialist) in theories and methods of teaching

exhibitor (N.) : a person/ company that shows his/its work/ products to the public

researcher (N.) : a scientist who devotes himself to doing research

One words

18. Written law of a legislative body

- (1) statute (2) stature
(3) Static (4) statue

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) statute

statute (N.) : a law that is passed by a parliament, council, etc. and formally written down

stature (N.) : the importance and respect that a person has because of his ability and achievements; a person's height

static (Adj.) : not moving, changing or developing

statue (N.) : a figure of a person/ an animal in stone, metal, etc., usually the same size as in real life or larger

One words

19. A pole or beam used as a temporary support

- (1) scaffold (2) prop
(3) lean-to (4) rafter

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) prop

prop (N.) : a piece of wood, metal, etc. used for supporting something or keeping it in position

scaffold (N.) : a platform used while executing criminals by cutting off their heads or hanging them from a rope

lean-to (N.) : a small building with its roof leaning against the side of a large building, wall or fence

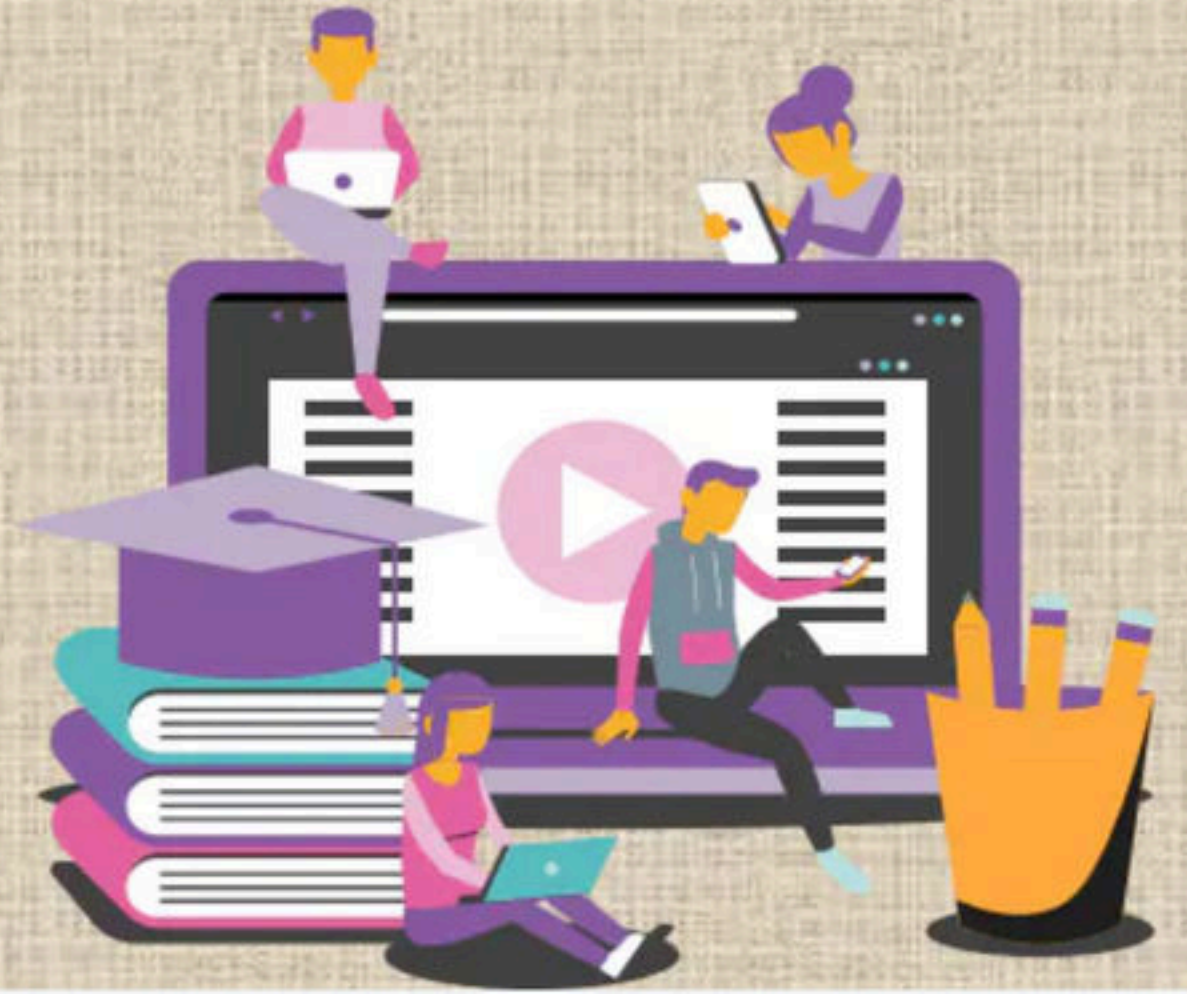
rafter (N.) : one of the sloping pieces of wood that support a roof

One words

20. One who studies the art of Gardening

- (1) agriculturist
- (2) horticulturist
- (3) gardener
- (4) botanist

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) horticulturist

horticulturist (N.) : an expert in the science of cultivating plants (fruits, flowers, vegetables or ornamental plants)

agriculturist (N.) : an expert in agriculture (practice of farming) who gives advice to farmers

gardener (N.) : someone who takes care of a garden

botanist (N.) : a scientist who studies about plants and their structure

ANTONYMS

21. ACQUIT

- (1) despair (2) mild
(3) smart (4) condemn

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) condemn (V) : to express strong disapproval; to sentence.

acquit (V) : to decide and state officially in court that somebody is not guilty of a crime.

ANTONYMS

22. DISSENT

- (1) discord
- (2) disagreement
- (3) unacceptable
- (4) agreement

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) agreement

dissent (Noun) : disagreement

discord (N.) : disagreement ; arguing

ANTONYMS

23. GROUP

- (1) singular (2) individual
(3) alone (4) solitary

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) individual (N) : A person considered separately rather than as part of group.
group (N) : a number of people or things together.
solitary (Adj.) : living alone

ANTONYMS

24. FRUGALITY

- (1) gaiety (2) prodigality
(3) enmity (4) captivity

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) prodigality

frugality (Noun) : using as much money as is necessary;

meagreness

gaiety (N.) : the state of being cheerful and full of fun

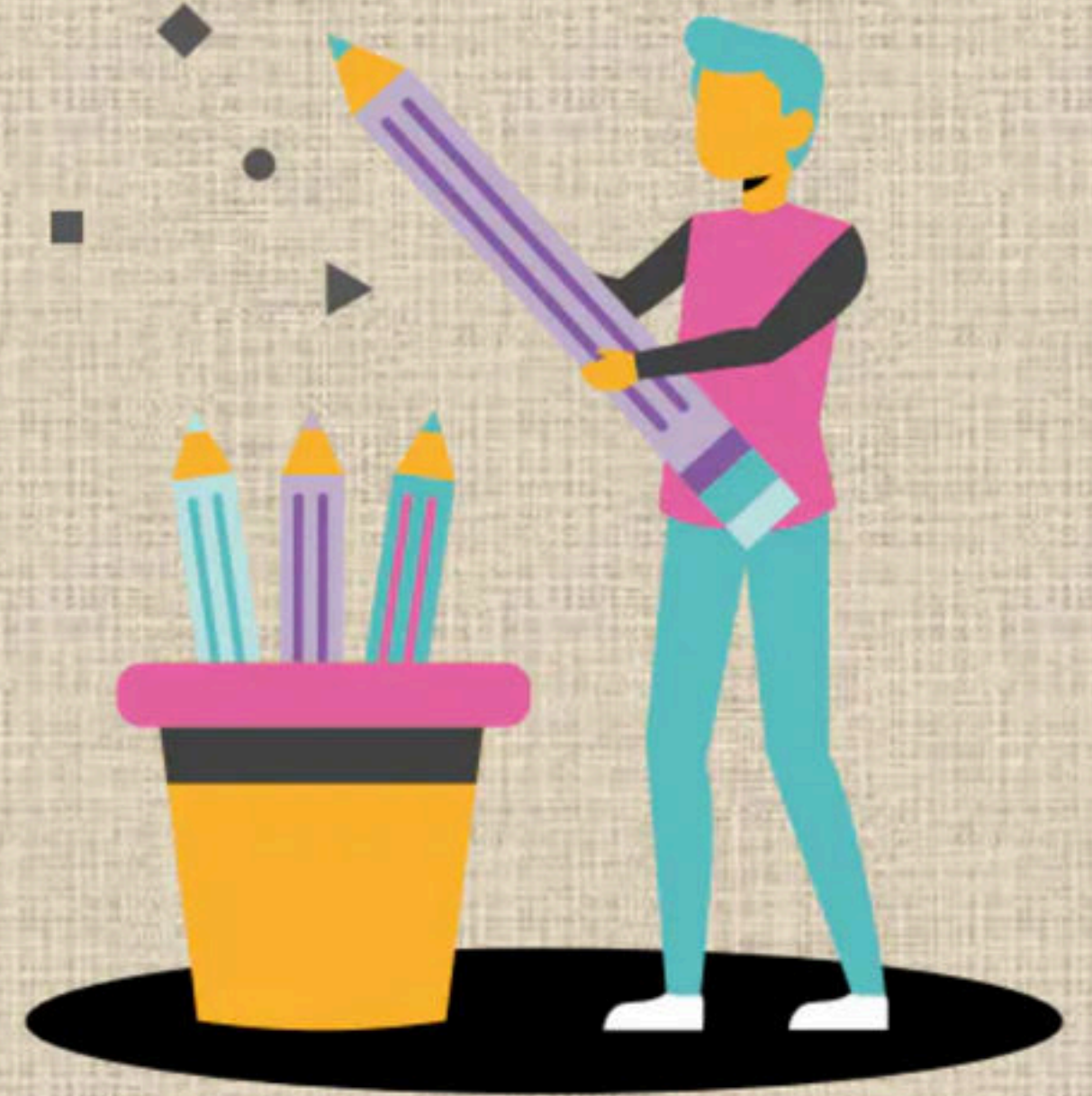
captivity (N.) : the state of being kept as a prisoner/in a confined space

ANTONYMS

25. HUMANE

(1) unkind (2) living being
(3) person (4) man

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) unkind

humane (Adj.) : showing kindness
towards people and animals

IDIOMS

26. William left us with a heartwrenching swan song.

- (1) last cry
- (2) last gift
- (3) last prayer
- (4) last performance

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) Swan song : the last piece of work produced.

- The building turned out to be the swan song of Victorian architecture

The best option is last performance

IDIOMS

27. The hunter began to suspect that he had been sent on a wild goose chase as there was no white elephant in the forest.

- (1) to hunt
- (2) a foolish and useless enterprise
- (3) a violent chase
- (4) to speak harshly

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(2) a wild goose chase : a search for something that is impossible for you to find or that does not exist, that makes you waste a lot of time.

- I wasted all afternoon on a wild goose chase.

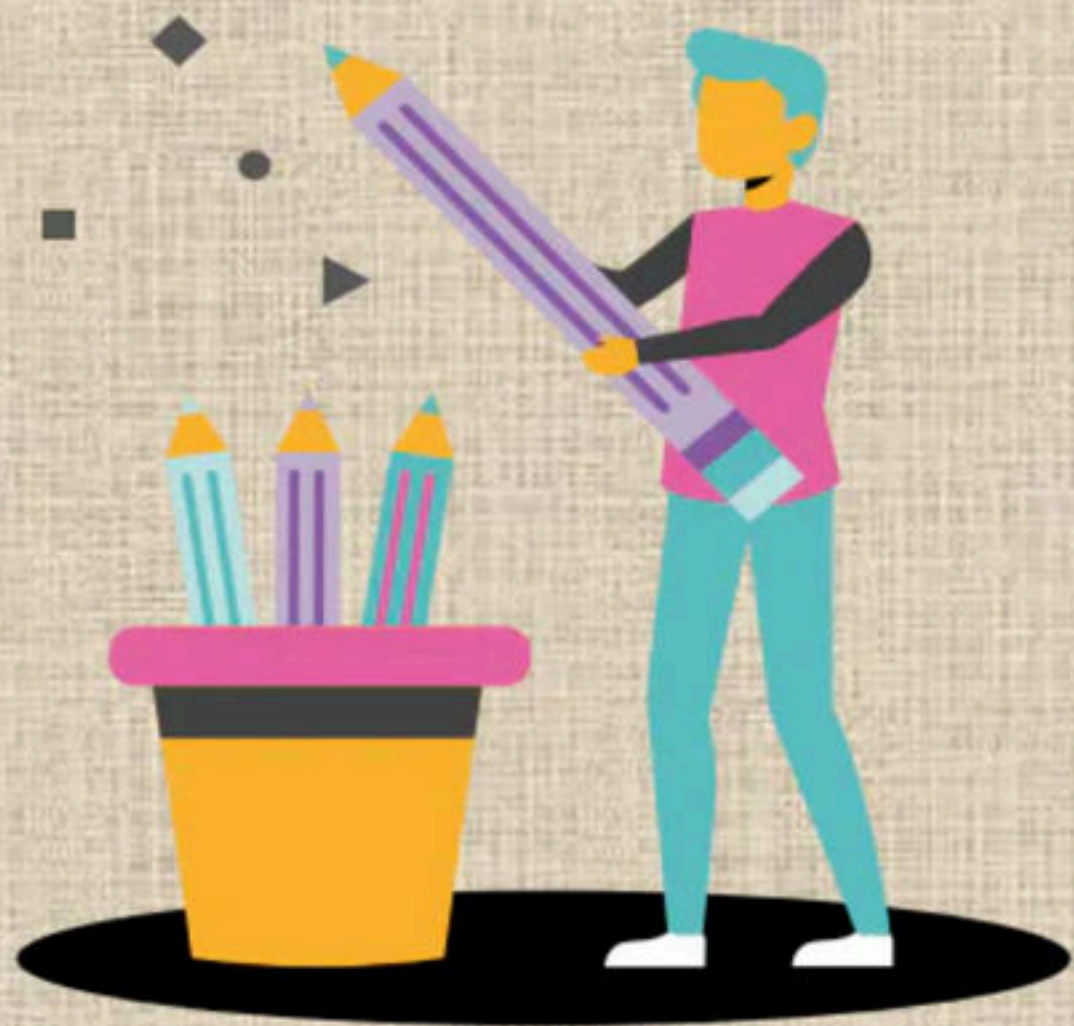
The best option is a foolish and useless enterprise

IDIOMS

28. The Director's ideas for the development of the company are all moonshine.

- (1) nonsense (2) superficial
(3) outdated (4) exemplary

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) All moonshine : silly talk; nonsense.

- That's just moonshine ! I don't believe a word.

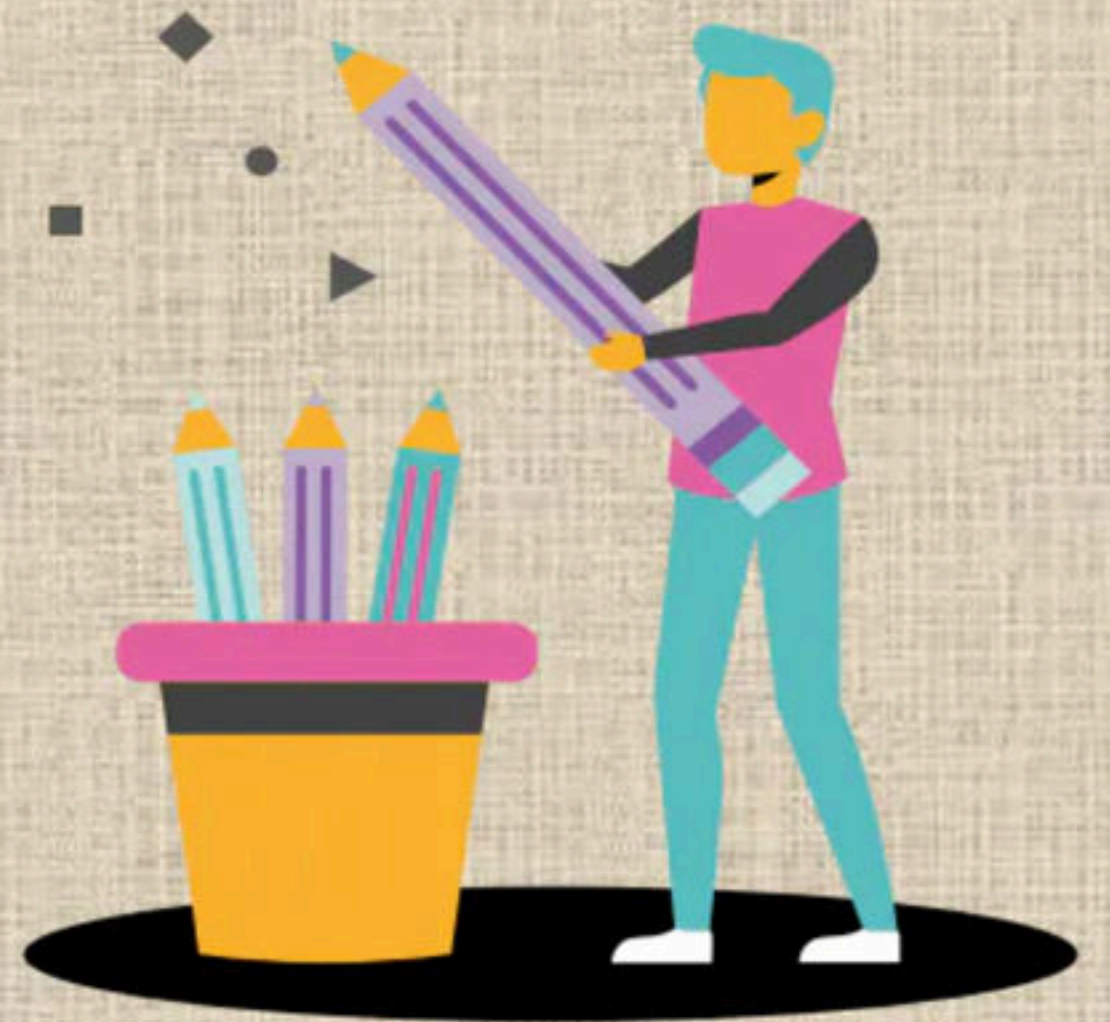
The best option is nonsense

IDIOMS

29. To be a successful lawyer, one must know how to dot one's i's and cross one's t's.

- (1) complete one task at a time
- (2) write great letters
- (3) deal with paperwork
- (4) be detailed and exact

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) dot your i's and cross your t's : to pay attention to the small details when you are finishing a task

- The negotiations are nearly finished, but we still have to dot the i's and cross the t's.

The best option is be detailed and exact

IDIOMS

30. When Ramu lost the money, he was down in the dumps.

- (1) accusing others of stealing
- (2) searching everywhere
- (3) sad and depressed
- (4) very angry at himself

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(3) down in the dumps : feeling unhappy

- He'd been down in the dumps since there was a theft at his place.

The best option is sad and depressed

IDIOMS

31. He turned up his nose at my offer.

- (1) was taken aback by my offer
- (2) found it hard to believe my offer
- (3) treated my offer with contempt
- (4) could not accept my offer

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(3) turn up one's nose : to regard something with scorn/
contempt

- They turned their noses up at the only hotel that was available.

The best option is treated my offer with contempt

IDIOMS

32. There are no hard and fast rules that cannot be relaxed on such an occasion.

- (1) that is difficult to solve
- (2) that can be altered
- (3) that is very quick
- (4) that cannot be altered

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(4) hard and fast : that cannot be changed in any circumstances

- This situation isn't hard and fast.

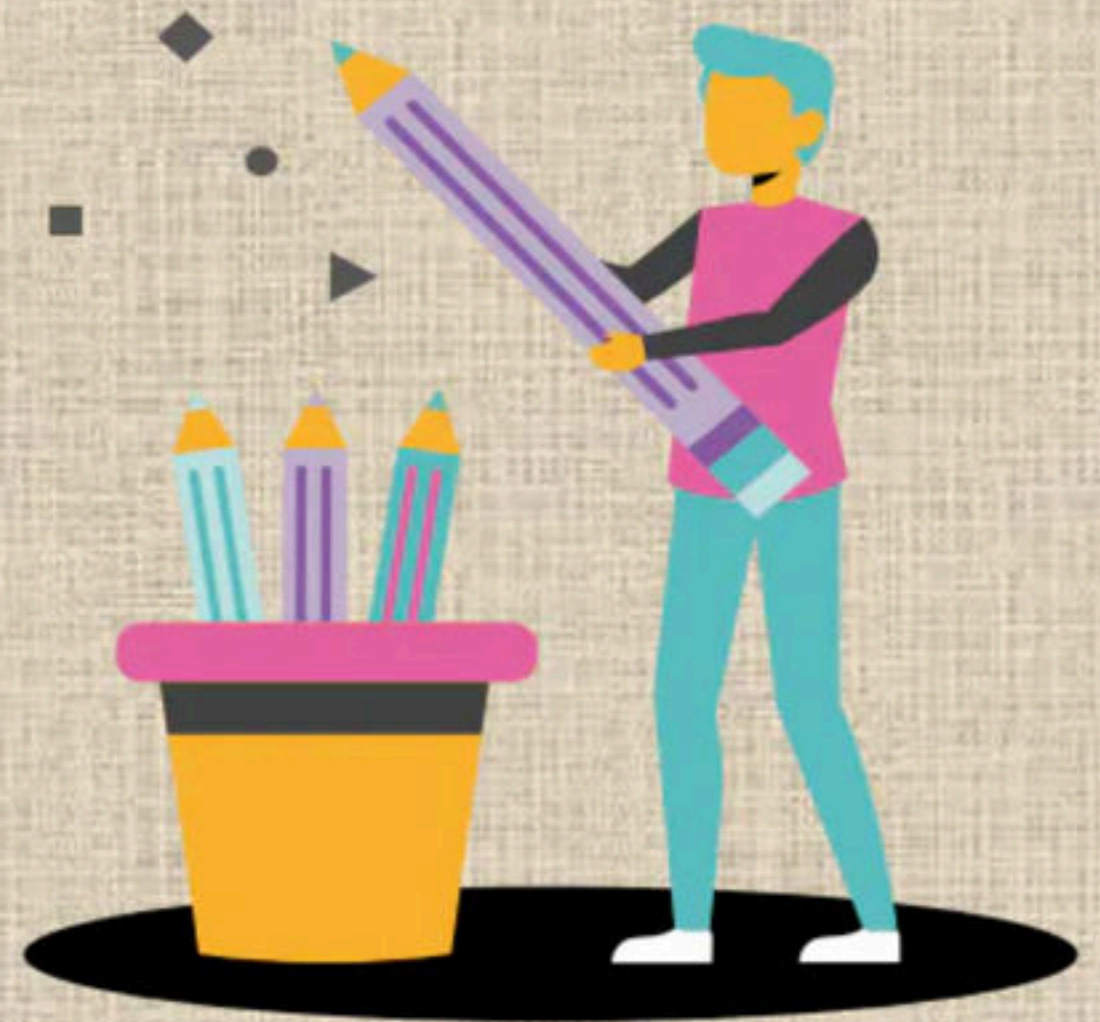
The best option is that cannot be altered

IDIOMS

33. Her father strained every nerve to enable her to get settled in life.

- (1) worked very hard
- (2) spent a huge amount
- (3) tried all tricks
- (4) bribed several persons

REF CODE- VIKAS1



(1) strain every nerve : to try as hard as you can to do something

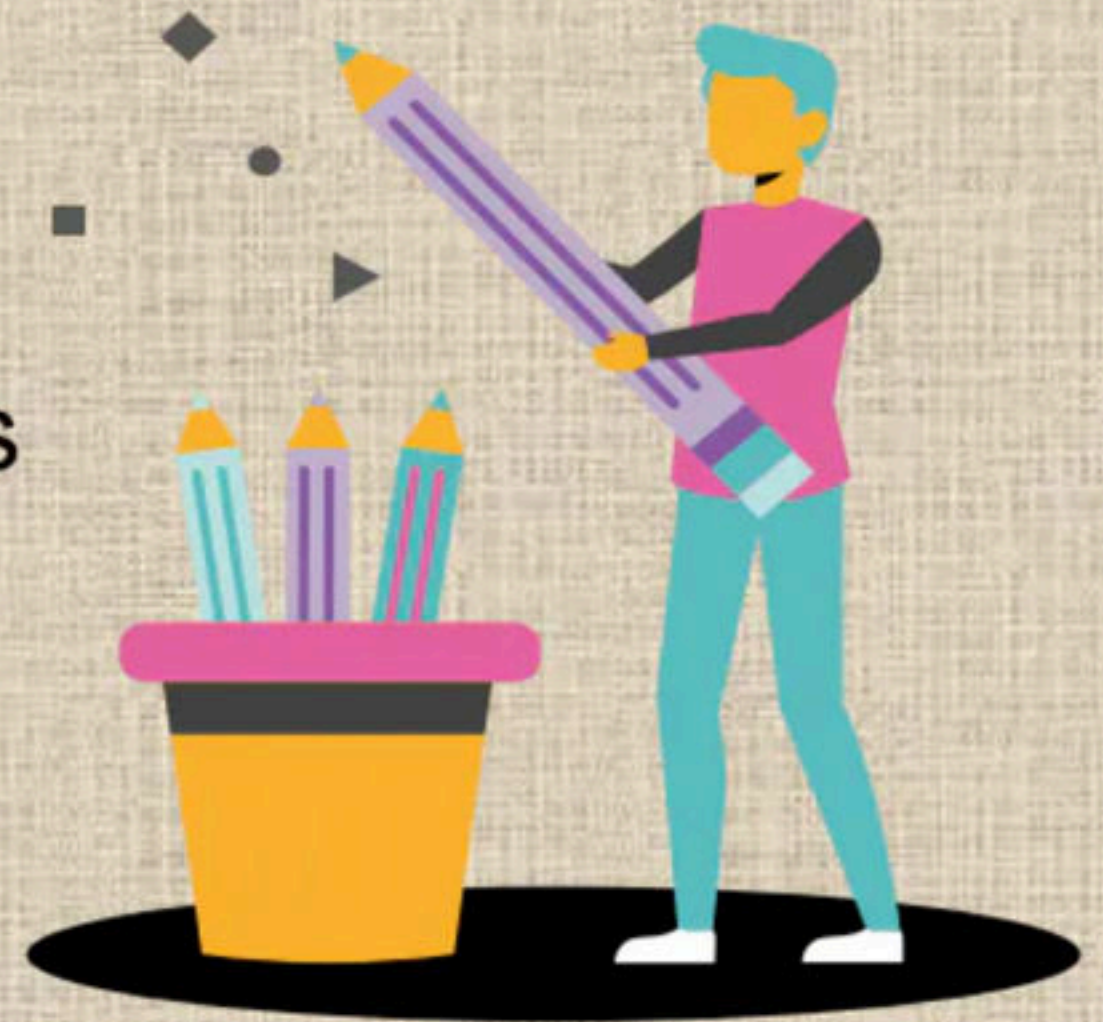
- He strained every nerve to snatch victory from defeat.

The best option is worked very hard

IDIOMS

34. The present manner of delimitation has been done in a gerrymandering way.

- (1) in a legal and constitutional manner
- (2) in a judicial and fair way
- (3) in a manipulative and unfair way
- (4) in a dictative manner like the Germans



REF CODE- VIKAS1

(3) Gerrymander (Verb) : to change the size and borders of an area for voting in order to give an unfair advantage to one party in an election

- The city had been gerry mandered so that the party might retain the control.

The best option is in a manipulative and unfair way

IDIOMS

35. The performance of the lead actors in the play brought the house down.

- (1) made the audience applaud enthusiastically
- (2) made the audience leave
- (3) made the audience cry
- (4) made the audience request an encore



REF CODE- VIKAS1

(1) Bring the house down : to make everyone laugh or cheer

- The clown sang a duet with the talking horse, which brought the house down.

The best option is made the audience applaud enthusiastically

These days we hear a lot about science, but scientists, the men and women who do the work and make the discoveries, seem distant and strange to us. Science often appears to be very difficult and sometimes even magical. It is difficult of course, but we are wrong if we believe that we cannot understand it. The chief thing about the scientific method is that we get the answers to questions by making tests. The man, to take an example, who finds his bicycle tyre is flat will pump some air into it. Suppose one hour later the tyre is flat again, if the man is wise, he will first test the valve in water. If he finds air is escaping from it he will put in a new piece of valve-rubber and then pump up the tyre. All should then be well again. This man is using a simple form of scientific method. If the man was very 'unscientific' he might say to himself that an evil spirit had caused the tyre to go flat.

36. What do people talk a lot about these days ?

- (1) Science** **(2) Magic**
(3) Men and women **(4) Work**

REF CODE- VIKAS1

These days we hear a lot about science, but scientists, the men and women who do the work and make the discoveries, seem distant and strange to us. Science often appears to be very difficult and sometimes even magical. It is difficult of course, but we are wrong if we believe that we cannot understand it. The chief thing about the scientific method is that we get the answers to questions by making tests. The man, to take an example, who finds his bicycle tyre is flat will pump some air into it. Suppose one hour later the tyre is flat again, if the man is wise, he will first test the valve in water. If he finds air is escaping from it he will put in a new piece of valve-rubber and then pump up the tyre. All should then be well again. This man is using a simple form of scientific method. If the man was very 'unscientific' he might say to himself that an evil spirit had caused the tyre to go flat.

37. What is the common man's attitude towards scientists ?

- (1) They are wrong.**
- (2) They seem distant and strange.**
- (3) They are wise.**
- (4) They are difficult**

REF CODE- VIKAS1

These days we hear a lot about science, but scientists, the men and women who do the work and make the discoveries, seem distant and strange to us. Science often appears to be very difficult and sometimes even magical. It is difficult of course, but we are wrong if we believe that we cannot understand it. The chief thing about the scientific method is that we get the answers to questions by making tests. The man, to take an example, who finds his bicycle tyre is flat will pump some air into it. Suppose one hour later the tyre is flat again, if the man is wise, he will first test the valve in water. If he finds air is escaping from it he will put in a new piece of valve-rubber and then pump up the tyre. All should then be well again. This man is using a simple form of scientific method. If the man was very 'unscientific' he might say to himself that an evil spirit had caused the tyre to go flat.

38. If we use the scientific method how do we get answers to questions ?

- (1) By believing (2) By example**
(3) By making tests (4) By methods

REF CODE- VIKAS1

These days we hear a lot about science, but scientists, the men and women who do the work and make the discoveries, seem distant and strange to us. Science often appears to be very difficult and sometimes even magical. It is difficult of course, but we are wrong if we believe that we cannot understand it. The chief thing about the scientific method is that we get the answers to questions by making tests. The man, to take an example, who finds his bicycle tyre is flat will pump some air into it. Suppose one hour later the tyre is flat again, if the man is wise, he will first test the valve in water. If he finds air is escaping from it he will put in a new piece of valve-rubber and then pump up the tyre. All should then be well again. This man is using a simple form of scientific method. If the man was very 'unscientific' he might say to himself that an evil spirit had caused the tyre to go flat.

39. If a man does not use the scientific approach, what will he attribute the flat tyre to ?

- (1) An evil spirit (2) The rubber valve
(3) The bicycle (4) Magic**

REF CODE- VIKAS1

These days we hear a lot about science, but scientists, the men and women who do the work and make the discoveries, seem distant and strange to us. Science often appears to be very difficult and sometimes even magical. It is difficult of course, but we are wrong if we believe that we cannot understand it. The chief thing about the scientific method is that we get the answers to questions by making tests. The man, to take an example, who finds his bicycle tyre is flat will pump some air into it. Suppose one hour later the tyre is flat again, if the man is wise, he will first test the valve in water. If he finds air is escaping from it he will put in a new piece of valve-rubber and then pump up the tyre. All should then be well again. This man is using a simple form of scientific method. If the man was very 'unscientific' he might say to himself that an evil spirit had caused the tyre to go flat.

40. The antonym of believe is

(1) reveal (2) disbelieve

(3) agree (4) deny

REF CODE- VIKAS1

41.

(1) abductor (2) abductor
(3) abdactor (4) abductar

REF CODE- VIKAS1

(2) The correctly spelt word is
abductor

REF CODE- VIKAS1

42.

- (1) disasterous (2) disastrous
(3) disastrus (4) disasterus

(2) The correctly spelt word is
disastrous

REF CODE- VIKAS1

43.

(1) maternity (2) matternity

(3) maternitty (4) matarnity

REF CODE- VIKAS1

(1) The correctly spelt word is
maternity

REF CODE- VIKAS1

44.

(1) teution (2) tution

(3) tuision (4) tuition

(4) The correctly spelt word is
tuition

REF CODE- VIKAS1

45.

- (1) recommandation
- (2) recomendation
- (3) recommendation
- (4) recommedetion

(3) The correctly spelt word is
recommendation

REF CODE- VIKAS1



WHO IS TODAY'S WINNER?

REF CODE- VIKAS1