

History of Rajasthan

Rudra Prakash Sharma

RAS 2016- 39th Rank

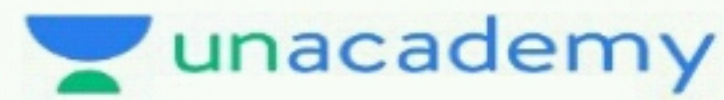
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History of Mewar

- Mewar was also called as Shivi,Pragwat ,Medpata in ancient time
- The word Medapata was discovered in Hathundi(Bijapur) Inscription of 996 AD
- As per historian G C Ray Chaudhary medapata was named after the Meda tribe, which has been mentioned in Varahmihira's Brihat-Samhita.
- The 1460 Kumbhalgarh inscription associates the Medas with Vardhana-giri (Modern Badnor in Mewar regions)
- Historian Shashi Bhushan chaudhary associated the ancient Medas with the Modern Mev People

- Guhaditya/Guhil was the founder of Guhil dynasty in Medpata around 566 AD
- Aadipurush Guhil is also called pure Suryvanshiya by Ojha (whereas Bhandarkar called him Brahmin)
- After Guhaditya the ninth king was Bappa Rawal (734 to 753 AD), he was a great warrior
- Bapa Rawal is considered as the founder of Mewar State.
- Bapa had largest state and his capital was Nagda
- Bapa was a great devotee of Ekling ji

- It is believed that with the blessings of Ekling temple's priest Harit Rishi (sage), Bapa extended his possessions to the east by ousting Man singh of the Mori (Maurya) clan from chittorgarh fort in 734 AD.
- Then he took on the title Rawal.
- As per Djha, Bapa was his title and his original name was **Kalabhoj**
- Bapa Rawal also issued gold coin of 115 Grain
- At the time of Guhil ruler Shakti kumar ,Malwa ruler Parmar Raja Munj seized Chittorgarh fort ,his descendants made Tribhuvan Narayan Shiv temple (it is now called as Mokal's Samridheshwar temple)



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